AUDITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2005



TAC ASSOCIATES

P.O. BOX 580 DAR ES SALAAM TANZANIA

PORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2005

NTRODUCTION

The Directors submit their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2005.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Companies Ordinance, CAP 212 requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and its operating results for that year. It also requires the Directors to ensure the Company keeps proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company.

The Directors accept responsibility for the annual financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Accounting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Ordinance CAP 212. The Directors are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the Company and of its operating results. The Directors further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records that may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control. The Directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and other irregularities.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Directors to indicate that the Company will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

3.0 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company continue to be production and sale of industrial gases, welding equipment and related accessories.

4.0 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in the property, plant and equipment during the year are shown in note 2 on page 17. In the opinion of the Directors, the market value of these assets is in excess of the net carrying value of TZS 4.1 billion.

5.0 RESULTS

The results for the year are set out on page 9. The Company incurred a loss of Tzs. 47,412,000 in the current year as compared to a profit of TZS 3,738,606,000 in the previous year.

6.0 DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December, 2005 due to trading loss incurred during the year.

7.0 RESERVES

The reserves of the Company are set out on page 10.

8.0 SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2005

	Number of Shares	%
SAAMI Holdings Treasury Registrar SWEDFUND Joseph Antony Gonsalves National Bureau De Change Limited Social Action Trust Fund Parastatal Pension Fund Others Total	17,691,354 3,570,457 1,500,000 1,020,185 1,000,000 954,834 500,000 5,748,760 31,985,590	55.31 11.16 4.69 3.19 3.13 2.99 1.56 17.97 100.00

9.0 DIRECTORS

9.1 The names of Directors who served the Company up to 8th April, 2005 are as follows:

	Name	Nationality	Position
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	Mr. H. K. Senkoro Mrs. E. Mlaki Hon. S. J. Mbatia (MP) Mr. P.L. Machunde Mr. A. G. A. Masambu Ms. N. S. Inyangete Mr. K Jagannathan Mr. N. Nsemwa Dr. S. Mworia Mr. H. N. Pemhiwa Mr. S. K. Juma Mr. V. Rweyemamu Mr. N. L. Mapogha	Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Indian Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian Zimbabwean Tanzanian Tanzanian Tanzanian	Acting Chairman Member

9.2 The names of Directors, who served the Company with effect from 9th April, 2005 to date are as follows: -

	Name	Nationality	Position
1.	Mr. E. Massawe	Tanzanian	Chairman Managing Director Director Director Director Director Director Director
2.	Mr. A.B.S. Kilewo	Tanzanian	
3.	Mr. S.M. Karim	Tanzanian	
4.	Mr. O. Arefalk	Swedish	
5.	Mrs. A. Bukuku	Tanzanian	
6.	Mr. G. R. Mwamukonda	Tanzanian	
7.	Mr. V. Rweyemamu	Tanzanian	

10.0 EFFORTS TO SECURE NATIONAL BENEFITS AND SEEK NATIONAL GOALS

The above objective will be achieved by: -

- . Maintaining production by a scheduled programme, using local spare parts where possible.
- . Ensuring in-house supervision of employees
- Looking for potential export markets in neighbouring countries where it is economically feasible.

11.0 EMPLOYEES WELFARE

Industrial Safety

The Company continued to comply with the standards of industrial safety established by both the Factory Ordinance and the Tanzania Bureau of Standards.

Management/Employees Relationship

The relationship between management and employees continued to be cordial. There were no unsolved complaints received by management from the employees. Tanzania Union of Industrial and Commercial Organization (TUICO) representative has the responsibility of identifying and reporting employees' grievances to management.

Training Facilities

Training programme is drawn up every year to cater for all levels of staff. Training is mainly conducted through local training institutions and practical experience. Overseas training is pursued only for a number of cases where training facilities are not available locally.

Medical Facilities

The Company pays all the medical expenses of each employee and his/her immediate family members through selected hospitals.

Financial Help

This is available to all employees depending on the assessments by the management as to the employee's need and the ability of the Company as prescribed by the Company's Staff Regulations.

. Employees Motivation

The Company provides canteen service to all employees. A canteen committee includes representatives from the shop floor to ensure that the employees' views on the quality and quantity of the food supplied by the caterers are considered.

12.0 AUDITORS

TAC Associates were appointed auditors for 2005 accounts and they have expressed willingness to continue providing the service.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

COMPANY SECRETARY/CHAIRMAN/DIRECTOR

DATE 05/09/2006

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of TOL Limited for the year ended 31st December, 2005 and the related income statement, the statement of changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended. We received all the information and explanations, which we considered necessary for audit purposes.

RESPECTIVE REPONSIBILITIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the Company's state of affairs and of the operating results. Our responsibility is to express an independent opinion based on our audit of the financial statements and report our opinion.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examination, on test basis, of evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and judgements made by management in the preparation of the financial statements as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis of our opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of TOL Limited as at 31st December, 2005, the results of its operations, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and the Companies Ordinance CAP 212.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Without qualifying our opinion above, we draw attention to the following matter: - **Under-valued Buildings**

The Company's first revaluation of its assets was made in 1995, but the results have not been included in the financial statements despite the fact that the value of Tanzania Shilling has maintained a depreciating trend. As a result, the carrying values of most of landed properties are very low compared to the current realizable and or replacement values. As at 31st December, 2005 carrying values of all Company landed properties were reported in the financial statements at Tzs. 250,669,000. We are of the view that in the absence of most recent valuation by a competent valuer the stated carrying amount could not be fair value of the landed properties.

TAC ASSOCIATES (Certified Public Accountants)

8. F. SAYORE – FCCA
MANAGING PARTNER

DAR ES SALAAM

15TH AUGUST, 2006

'12 SEP 2006

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2005

	NOTE	31.12.2005	31.12.2004
		TZS.	TZS.
ASSETS		'000'	,000,
Non Current Assets			000
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	4,083,463	4,165,039
Intangible Assets	3	45,193	0.
		4,128,656	4,165,039
		7	7,140,000
Current Assets			
Inventories	4	296,449	292,133
Receivables	5	821,819	743,282
Income Tax Recoverable	6	328,779	61,087
Cash and Bank Balances		85,410	272,621
		1,532,457	1,369,123
TOTAL ASSETS		5,661,113	5,534,162
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		W. Laboration of the Control of the	
Shareholders' Equity			
Share Capital	7	3,198,559	3,198,559
Share Premium	8	3,305,885	3,305,885
Accumulated Loss		(2,844,200)	(2,796,788)
		3,660,244	3,707,656
		0,000,244	3,707,030
Non Current Liabilities			
Cylinder Deposits	9	593,632	565,408
Bank Borrowing	10	200,000	000,400
		793,632	565.408
Current Liabilities		,	000,400
Current Portion of Bank Borrowings	10	100,000	0
Bank Overdraft	11	86,783	
Payables	12	1,020,454	1,261,098
		1,207,237	1,261,098
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,000,869	1,826,506
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,661,113	5,534,162
			0,001,102

The Notes on pages 11 to 24 form part of the financial statements. Auditors Report is on page 5 and 6.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED $$31^{\rm ST}$$ DECEMBER, 2005

		2005		2004	
	NOTE	TZS.		TZS.	
		'000'	100	,000,	
Revenue		3,372,688	/	3,203,718	
Cost of Sales	13	(3,048,668)		(2,397,209)	
Gross Profit		324,020	-	806,509	
Other Income	14	41,000		8,266	
Government Subvention	15	592,472		4,311,018	
		957,492	-	5,125,793	
Operating Expenditure	16	(941,258)	7	(843,631)	
	-	16,234	-	4,282,162	
Finance Costs	17	(63,646)		(543,556)	
(Loss)/Profit Before Taxation	-	(47,412)	***************************************	3,738,606	
Taxation		0		0	
Net (Loss)/ Profit for the Year Accumulated (Loss) Brought	0.00	(47,412)		3,738,606	-
Forward		(2,796,788)		(6,535,394)	
Accumulated Loss Carried	_	(-,,,	_	(-),,	
Forward	conc.	(2,844,200)	0.000	(2,796,788)	
(Loss)/Profit per Share		(1.482)		116.884	

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CHAIRMAN

DATE: 05/09/2006

DIRECTOR

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2005

Cash Flows (Used in)/ From Operating Activities	2005 TZS. '000'	2004 TZS. '000'
(Loss)/ Profit for the Year Before Taxation	(47,412)	3,738,606
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	354,736	335,151
Operating Profit Before Changes in Working Capital Items	307,324	4,073,757
Changes in Working Capital Items		
Increase in Inventories	(4,316)	(92,851)
Increase in Receivables	(78,537)	(181,595)
Increase in Tax Recoverable Increase in Current Portion of Bank Borrowings	(267,692) 100,000	0
Decrease in Payables	(240,644)	(3,813,939)
,	(491,189)	(4,088,385)
	(183,865)	(14,628)
Tax Adjustment	0	(311)
Net Cash Flows Used in Operating Activities (A)	(183,865)	(14,939)
Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(273,160)	(166,173)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	(45,193)	0
Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities (B)	(318,353)	<u>(166,173</u>)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Cylinder Deposits Received	28,224	24,238
Net Cash Flows From Financing Activities (C)	200,000	24,238
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		(156,874)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 1 st January	272,621	429,495
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the Year	(1,373)	272,621

The Notes on pages 11 to 24 form part of the financial statements. Auditors Report is on page 5 and 6.

CHAIRMAN

DATE: 01/49/2006

DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2005

	SHARE	SHARE	ACCUMULA-	TOTAL
	CAPITAL	PREMIUM	TED PROFIT/	EQUITY
			(LOSSES)	
	TZS.	TZS.	TZS.	TZS.
	'000'	'000'	'000'	'000'
At 1st January, 2004	3,198,559	3,305,885	(6,535,394)	(30,950)
Issue of Shares	, ~	-	-	
Profit for the Year	-	-	3,738,606	3,738,606
At 31st December, 2004	3,198,559	3,305,885	(2,796,788)	3,707,656
At 1 st January, 2005	3,198,559	3,305,885	(2,796,788)	3,707,656
Loss for the Year		-	(47,412)	(47,412)
At 31 st December, 2005	3,198,559	3,305,885	(2,844,200)	3,660,244
	A 110 I T. W. W. SHAMPS AND A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	Mall-francous a second contractive to the second	ED-LIKE DATA DE STOPPE DE	ter fewerst produce and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second an

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CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 1: PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of some property, plant and equipment. No adjustments have been made for inflationary factors affecting the accounts.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are separately disclosed in a note.

1.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Income Statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to write off the cost of each asset value over its estimated useful life at a given rate per annum as detailed below: -

Asset Description	Rate p.a.
Buildings	2%
Plant and Machinery	5-10%
Cylinders	4%
Motor Vehicles	20 & 25%
Equipment and Fittings	10 & 20%

Depreciation is charged on an asset from the date when it is ready for use and stop on the date when the asset is derecognised by the Company.

Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Gain and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are credited/charged to income and expenditure account.

Expenditures on tools and other minor assets are written off during the year of acquisition. However, they are recorded in memoranda registers.

Asset's Carrying Amount and Residual Value

Asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount when there is strong evidence that carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Likewise, the assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed only when the conditions to warrant the review exist at the balance sheet date.

1.3 Intangible Assets

Computer Software

Intangible assets comprise computer application software and computer packages. Initially they are recognized at cost and thereafter carried at their cost less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses (cost model). The Company intangible assets have finite useful life of five years and are amortized on straight line basis with zero residual value. The useful life of intangible assets is reviewed at every balance sheet date.

1.4 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. In general cost is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Impairment of Inventories

When there is objective evidence that the value of inventories is impaired either through damage and/or obsolescence, provision is made at 100% of the value of specific inventory item(s) through Profit and Loss Account.

1.5 Provisions for Impairment of Receivables

Receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at value less provision for bad and doubtful debts. Specific provision is made in the financial statements against receivables considered to be doubtful of recovery.

1.6 Foreign Currency Translations

(i) Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Tanzania Shillings, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Tanzanian shillings at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities at the year end expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Tanzanian shillings at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. The resultant gains/losses on exchange rate translations are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

1.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at face value. For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held on call and fixed deposits.

1.8 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognised only when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company upon delivery of products to customers, and is stated net of VAT.

1.9 Accounting for Government Assistance/Grants

Grants given by the Government to the Company to assist in carrying out its functions are credited to Profit and Loss Account.

Grants which are received in the form of long lived assets are debited to Property, Plant and Equipment Account and are correspondingly credited to Capital Grants Account.

1.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. When the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

1.11 Employees Benefits

(i) Retirement Benefits

The Company has statutory obligations to contribute to pension schemes in favour of all the employees employed under permanent and pensionable terms. The pension schemes in force, which the Company contributes, are the National Social Security Fund (NSSF) and the Parastatal Pensions Fund (PPF). The Company contributes 10% for those on NSSF and 15% for those on PPF of pension emoluments for each individual.

Contributions to these funds are recognized as an expense in the period the employees render the related services and were as follows:

	2005	2004
	TZS.	TZS.
	'000'	,000,
National Social Security Fund	39,440	39,201
Parastatal Pensions Fund	9,828	9,828
Total	49,268	49,029

The number of staff employed by the Company as at 31st December, 2005 was 106 (31st December, 2004 was 109)

(ii) Short Term Benefits

The cost of all short-term employee benefits such as salaries, employees entitlements to leave pay, medical aids, long service awards, other contributions, etc, are recognised during the period in which the employees render the related services.

(iii) Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are payable whenever an employee's employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange of these benefits.

The Company recognises termination benefits when it is constructively obliged to either terminate the employment of the current employees according to detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy.

(iv) Workman's Compensation Scheme and Group Personal Accident

In order to ensure that employees' welfare is safeguarded, the Company complies fully with the Workman's Compensation Act which requires compensation to employees injured in the course of their employment.

Also, the Company runs an insurance policy known as 'group personal insurance'. to ensure that staff and management employees injured at work are compensated.

1.12 Taxation

Corporation Tax

The Company provides for corporation tax based on the taxable profits at the rate prescribed by legislation from time to time. The current corporation tax rate is 30%.

1.13 Deferred Tax

In accordance with IAS 12 deferred tax assets and liabilities are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method whereby deferred tax is provided for on all temporary differences i.e. the differences between the tax base of the assets or liability and its carrying amount in the balance sheet. The tax base of an asset or liability is the amount attributed to that asset or liability for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated based on current tax rates and are not classified as current assets or current liabilities.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the associated unused tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that a related tax benefit will be realized.

1.14 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing Costs Attributable to a Qualifying Asset

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset during the construction period (i.e before the commissioning of the asset).

Borrowing Costs not Attributable to a Qualifying Asset

Interest and other costs incurred by the Company in connection with the borrowing of funds other than those attributable to a qualifying asset and/or those incurred subsequent to commissioning of the qualifying asset are charged against income and expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

1.15 Financial Risk Management

The overall risk management focuses on the unpredictable financial markets and is aimed at minimizing potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The role of the Company's risk management is primarily vested in the Finance Department under guidance of the Board of Directors. The specific risk management policies of the Company are as follows: -

(i) Treasury Risk Management.

The Company does not use derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is managed at an operational level and monitored by the relevant heads of departments. Losses arising from foreign liabilities are managed through timely payment of outstanding liabilities.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company has adopted a non-speculative approach to the management of interest rate risk.

(iv) Liquidity Risk

The Company has a prudent liquidity risk management through maintaining marketable assets to cover committed credit facilities, working capital as well as capital projects requirements.

(v) Credit Risk Management

The potential credit risk involves short term cash and trade receivables, which are managed as follows: -

Short Term Cash Surpluses

The Company deposits her short-term cash surpluses with banks of high credit standing.

Trade Receivables

Regular customers are required to deposit money in advance to cover services to be rendered. Additional cost of service rendered is settled through normal business transactions through raising of invoices.

Irregular customers are normally required to settle their bills on cash terms.

NOTE 2: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

PARTICULARS	BUILDINGS	PLANT & MACHINERY	CYLINDERS	MOTOR	EQUIPMENT & FITTINGS	TOTAL
	,000,	TZS ,000,	,000,	,000,	,000,	,000,
Cost						
As At 01.01.2005	388,807	5,567,495	484,879	348,208	176,251	6,965,640
Additions	0	57,408	46,516	152,462	16,774	273,160
Cost As At 31.12.2005	388,807	5,624,903	531,395	500,670	193,025	7,238,800
Depreciation				s		
As At 01.01.2005	130,948	2,060,150	281,037	191,873	136,593	2,800,601
Charge for the Year	7,190	271,176	18,007	47,341	11,022	354,736
Depreciation As At						
31.12.2005	138,138	2,331,326	299,044	239,214	147,615	3,155,337
Net Book Value As At						
31.12.2005	250,669	3,293,577	232,351	261,456	45,410	4,083,463
Net Book Value As At						
31.12.2004	257,859	3,507,345	203,842	156,335	39,658	4,165,039

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets amounting to Tzs. 45,193,000 represent cost incurred by the Company to acquire ACCPAC Accounting Software during the current year. Initially they are recognized at cost and thereafter carried at their cost less any accumulated amortization.

NOTE 4.0	INVENTORIES	31.12.2005 TZS. '000'	31.12.2004 TZS. '000'
	Gases Welding Machines and Equipment Medical Machines and Equipment Spares	141,093 64,647 3,609 137,411	70,410 89,264 15,823 168,989
	Provision for Impairment of Inventories TOTAL	346,760 (50,311) 296,449	344,486 (52,353) 292,133
HOTE 6.0	RECEIVABLES		
	Trade Receivables Staff Receivables Other Receivables Prepayments	857,854 128,659 106,590 120,795	754,103 117,722 140,350 123,186 1,135,361
	Provision for Impairment of Receivables TOTAL	(392,079) 821,819	(392,079) 743,282
10TE 0.0	TAX RECOVERABLE		
	Income Tax VAT TOTAL	68,676 <u>260,103</u> <u>328,779</u>	61,087 0 61,087
40TE 7.0	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised: 60 million ordinary shares of Tzs. 100/- @ Issued and fully paid: 31,985,590 ordinary shares of Tzs.	6,000,000	6,000,000
VOTE B.O	100/- @ SHARE PREMIUM	3,198,559	3,198,559
	Balance as at Beginning of the Year Balance at year end	3,305,885 3,305,885	3,305,885 3,305,885

NITE 9.0	CYLINDER DEPOSITS	31.12.2005 TZS.	31.12.2004 TZS.
	Cylinder Deposits	593,632	565 408

Cylinder deposits are made up of payments made by customers for use of the Cylinder containers to store gas. The deposits are refundable to the customers upon the return of the cylinders.

DOTE 10.0	BANK BORROWINGS		31.12.2004 TZS.	31.12.2004
			'000'	TZS.
	Otambia Dall		000	,000,
	Stanbic Bank Loan		300,000	0
	Less: Due within one year		100,000	0
	Borrowings Due After More	Than		
	One Year		200,000	0

Bank loan secured from Stanbic Bank is repayable in three years commencing January, 2006. It was granted at an interest rate of 15%. As at 31st December, 2005, the loan had attracted an interest amounting to Tzs.14,412,966.

1011 11.0 BANK OVERDRAFT

The Company had secured an overdraft facility with CRDB Bank of Tzs. 115,000,000 at an interest rate of 16% per annum accruing daily on an outstanding balance and is charged monthly. As at 31st December, 2005 Tzs. 86,783,164 was outstanding.

OTE 12.0	PAYABLES	31.12.2005	31.12.2004
		TZS. '000'	TZS. '000'
	Trade Payables Other Payables Including Taxation and	558,928	342,975
	Social Security Costs Accrued Expenses	141,826 305,287	511,862 297.660
	Loan Interest Payable Unpaid Dividends – 1996	14,413	0 108,601
	TOTAL	1,020,454	1,261,098

TOL LIMITED

NOTE 13: COST OF SALES

PARTICULARS	RAW MATERIALS	DIRECT	DEPRE- CIATION	ELECTRI- CITY & WATER	PRODUCTI- ON OVER HEADS	TRANS-	RESALABLE CONSUMA- BLES	RESALABLE IMPORTED CONSUMA- GASES BLES	OTHERS	TOTAL
	72S. '000'	,000,	72S.	72S.	7ZS.	ZZ 900	7ZS.	,000,	,000,	,000,
ASU Production	388,486	18,093	261,141	230,482	0	0	0	149,706	0	1,047,90
ASU Compression	37,648	18,830	0	9,510	0	0	0	0	0	96'59
Stock Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0				15,593	15,59
DA Production	459,087	52,525	2,865	26,487	0				563	541,57
Oxygen Trading A/C	51,545	14,761	8,284	0	0		· ·		0	74,5
DA Trading A/C	29,559	10,890	7,880	0	0				0	48,3;
CO2 Production	25,579	585	600'2	25,973	0				12,031	71,1.
Nitrogen Trading	919	20	0	0	0	100			0	9.
CO2 Trading	2,663	141	108	0	0				0	2,9:
Medical Oxygen Trading	647	1009	355	0	0				0	2,0:
Argon	0	70	296	0	0				23,719	24,7
Helium	0	0	0	0	0		1,293		0	1,2
Refrigerant R 12	0	Q	0	0	0		6,462		0	6,41
N2O	0	101	412	63	0		0	15,334	0	15,9
LPG	0		0	0	0		3,512		0	3,5
Factory Overheads	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	
Mwanza	0	0	3,179	0	90,823		0		0	94,01
Dar	0	0	5,924	0	210,191		0		0	216,1
Kyejo	0	0	3525	0	71,388		0		0	74,9
Welding Consumables	0	0	0	0	0		34,806		0	34,8
Medical Consumables	0	0	0	0	0		18,847		0	18,8
TOL Fleet	0	36,543	12,865	0	0	78,104	0		0	127,5
CO2 Fleet	1,176	43,985	27,150	0	0	234,015	0		0	306,3
Third Part Fleet	0	0	0	0	0	253,240	0		0	253,2
TOTAL COSTS 2005	997,309	197,553	341,664	292,515	372,402	565,359	64,920	165,040	51,906	3,048,6(
TAL COSTS 2004	532,775	211,656	319.056	281.623	363,789	518.431	89.439	56,851	23,589	2,397,2

HOTE 14.0	OTHER INCOME	2005 TZS. '000'	2004 TZS. '000'
	Gain/(loss on disposal of Fixed Assets	41,000	0
	Sundry Income	<u>0</u>	<u>8,266</u>
	TOTAL	41,000	<u>8,266</u>

HOTE 15.0 GOVERNMENT SUBVENTION

Government subvention of TZS. 592,472,000 was in respect of taxes and dividend payable which were cancelled by the Government during the year under review as part of negotiations aimed at disposing the majority interest of the Company to a strategic investor analyzed as follows:

Description	Amount
2000	TZS.
	'000'
Income Tax	365,574
VAT	105,922
Withholding Tax	12,375
Dividend Payable	108,601
TOTAL	<u>592,472</u>

NOTE 17.0	FINANCE COSTS	2005 TZS. '000'	2004 TZS. '000'
	Interest Expense	41,882	542,161
	Exchange Losses - Others	21,764	1,395
	TOTAL	63,646	543,556

NOTE 18.0 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company had the following contingent liabilities at the end of the year.

a) Misc. CC No. 35 of 2000

There is a court case by an ex-employee, Mr. Juma Nkondo who is demanding a sum of Tzs. 50.6 million.

b) High Court Case No. 199/1999

TOL Limited is suing Omari Ali Malima for non-disclosure of a clause included in the Non-contributory staff endowment scheme. The appeal on the case has been allowed and the hearing date is still to be advised. The potential loss to TOL Limited if the case is not ruled in their favour is estimated at Tzs. 88,748,918.

c) District Court Temeke Civil Case No. 65 of 2003

In this case, a Fast Food Company is claiming an amount of Tzs. 26,649,360 against TOL Limited for breach of contract. Hearing date of the case is yet to be fixed.

NOTE 19.0 INCORPORATION

The Company is incorporated in Tanzania under the Companies Ordinance Cap. 212.

NOTE 20.0 CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in thousands of Tanzania shillings (Tzs '000').

NOTE 21.0 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Key Management remuneration

Description	2005 TZS. '000'	2004 TZS. '000'
Salaries and Allowances Loans Directors Remuneration	174,752 50,476 <u>4,500</u> 229,728	136,800 69,717 <u>4,500</u> 211,017

NOTE 22.0 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.